

Breakout session Agenda

- · What is a region?
- What is currently working you share
- · Why that's not enough
- · Economic realities/waves of ED development
- Leadership and regional success
- Interactive activity
- Examples from other successful rural regions
- · Moving forward

Acknowledgements

- Ed Morrison, Purdue University
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Define your region

Think about your community and its current opportunities and challenges. What does the region that your community exists in look like?

Define your region

What brings together the region you envisioned?

What works regionally?

- · Regional public safety efforts
- · Regional infrastructure investments
 - Transportation, water, sewer, broadband
- · Regional education systems
 - K-12, Local Community Colleges
- · Others?

Define your region

What challenges divide the region you envisioned?

Low-hanging fruit



Challenge: Thinking deeper and more strategically is hard!

Did You Know?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TwtS6Jy3ll8

Video Thoughts?

It is not the strongest of the species that survives nor the most intelligent but the ones most responsive to change

-- Charles Darwin

Global Competition



- Post-WWII dominance
- Growth is increasingly occurring elsewhere.
- Is America declining?
 or world catching up?
- New competitors
- · New opportunities

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The Rules Have Changed

Every other region in the world is now competing with us for prosperity in a new economy world.

- They have flexible infrastructure, a more flexible decisionmaking framework, and better partnership between government and business.
- They do not have our legacy costs (pensions, health insurance, etc.).
- They do not care about us.

We have to change the way we think, act, and do business at every level in the public, private and nonprofit sectors in order to compete.



We have to recognize that it's a changing world with changing economic trends



Mega-Trends: Global Economy

- Expanded importance of creative and knowledge economies
- Outsourcing that divides "value-chain" functions into more productive, interdependent activities
- Specialization of regions and communities
- Expanded growth of entrepreneurs and the selfemployed
- Connections between places having complementary specializations or resources



Three Waves of Economic Development

Component	First Wave	Second Wave	Third Wave
Goal	Industrial Recruiting: Attract outside businesses	Cost Competition: Retain and expand existing businesses	Regional Competitiveness: Enhance regional resources to promote regional collaboration and clusters
Strategies	Provision of financial incentives Building of industrial parks	Reduction of taxes Deregulation Industry consolidation and cost cutting (i.e., lean manufacturing)	Entrepreneurship Regional collaboration Identification and development of regional clusters and import substitution activities
Keys to Success	Offer government funds for subsidies and tax breaks Develop an industrial infrastructure	Develop training programs Strengthen the health of existing firms Provide social and physical resources	Build on unique regional assets (such as human capital, amentiles, creative economy; innovation) Focus on leadership development Develop/maintain quality environment Bridge economic and community development

Source: Blakely & Ted Bradshaw (2002); Drabenstott (2006); Hembd (2008)

First Wave

Component	First Wave
Goal	Industrial Recruiting: Attract outside businesses
Strategies	Provision of financial incentives Building of industrial parks
Keys to Success	Offer government funds for subsidies and tax breaks Develop an industrial infrastructure

Second Wave

Component	Second Wave
Goal	Cost Competition: Retain and expand existing businesses
Strategies	 Reduction of taxes Deregulation Industry consolidation and cost cutting (i.e., lean manufacturing)
Keys to Success	Develop training programs Strengthen the health of existing firms Provide social and physical resources

Regional Economic Development

Economic growth occurs whenever people take resources and rearrange them in ways that are more valuable

Paul Romer Nobel Prize in Economics

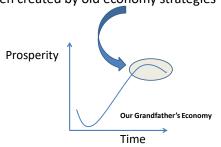
Regional Economic Development

Economic growth springs from better recipes, not just from more cooking.

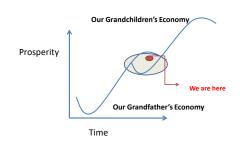
Paul Romer Nobel Prize in Economics **Third Wave**

Component	Third Wave		
Goal	Regional Competitiveness: Enhance regional resources to promote regional collaboration and clusters		
Strategies	Entrepreneurship Regional collaboration Identification and development of regional clusters and import substitution activities		
Keys to Success	Build on unique regional assets (such as human capital, amenities, creative economy; innovation) Focus on leadership development Develop/maintain quality environment		

We are at the end of an era where wealth has been created by old economy strategies

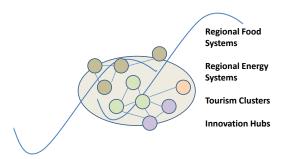


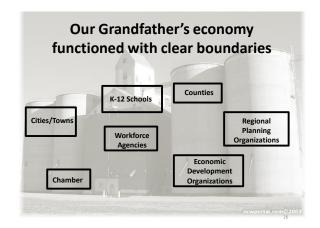
A new economic curve is forming where wealth is created by new strategies



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Our job is to find pathways from one to the other





Despite realities of our grandchildren's economy, regions are not responding differently K-12 Schools Cities/Towns Workforce Agencies Counties Regional Planning Organizations Economic Development Organizations

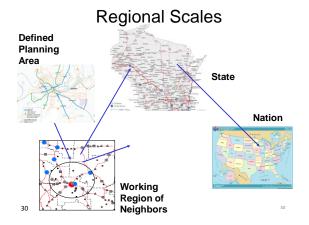
Our regions are covered with invisible fences that no longer work, but continue to constrain us



Often we struggle to define our region...so what is a region?



- Geographical area of similar characteristics
 - Similar within
 - Different between (different from other places)
- Place of interest to people, with a unique identity and meaning



What Makes Sense



- Sometimes neighboring counties do not have anything in common;
- Do not let state (or county) lines define regions;
- Do not be afraid to go beyond county lines to identify towns or major cities for rural/metro interests:
- Find areas that share interests and goals;

Once defined, successful regions and their leaders are moving away from our grandfathers economy by:

- · Focusing on opportunities, not problems;
- Committing themselves to "closing triangles;"



New leadership approaches are required for success

Grandfather's Economy

Grandchildren's Economy

Hierarchies Command/Control **Vertically Integrate Transactions**

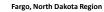
Protect Boundaries

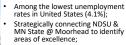
Networks

Link & Leverage **Horizontally Connect** Relationships

Strengthen cores

Regional Success





Conducting cluster analysis to connect industries with campus innovations;

Sparta, North Carolina Region Developed training certification program for advanced materials cluster with community college;

Changing culture among residents relative to education & training.

Successful regional leaders are transitioning to our grandchildren's economy by strengthening networks



A global map of internet connections

Why a Regional Networks?

They Promote the Three Cs:

- Conversation: Helps promote discussions among public & private sector leaders and local residents; builds regional awareness; focuses on consensus building; focuses on the
- Connection: Regionalism is a contact sport that requires personal interactions at every stage of the game
- Capacity: Helps leverage key assets; it weaves the system of support needed to create and attract businesses

Source: Council on Competitiveness (2010)

The three "Cs" uncover networks

- · Creating "safe space" for complex thinking;
- Uncovering assets and networks with regular forums;
- · Linking assets to define new opportunities;



Strategic Doing

- What can we do together
- What **should** we do together
- · What will do to together

Think regionally for 5 minutes

- 1. Turn to your seat neighbor(s);
- 2. In 3 minutes, talk about your community its assets and challenges
- 3. Explore how your communities could partner on a future initiative to enhance vitality
- 4. Share your results

Developing a regional economic development Plan of Action

Three major components of regional economic development plans:

- Encourage regional critical mass act regionally to compete globally
- Prioritize investments in public goods and services to unlock a region's economic potential
- Spur innovation to transform a region's economy

Source: Mark Drabenstott (2010)

Regional Success



Green County, Wisconsin

- Regional communityorganized agri-tourism weekend;
- · 25 collaborative partners;
- Celebrate local venues to tell their authentic story

Regional Success







Vernon Trails

- Regional non-profit that develops & maintains roadways, sustainable trails and outdoor recreation for human-powered users;
- Created/executed > 100 community events;
- · 100% volunteer run

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Leveraging Regional Assets

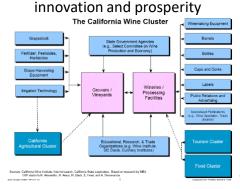
Purdue's Center for Regional Development (PCRD)

- Tools to help regions ID competitive advantages (thru cluster & innovation indexes)
- · PCRD facilitating "civic regional

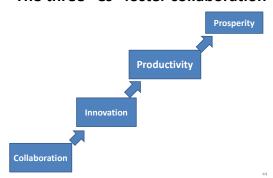
networks" to link assets



Greater collaboration fosters learning,



The three "Cs" foster collaboration



Strategic regional alliances

- Corvallis, Oregon "Prosperity That Fits"
- · North Carolina's "Research Triangle North"





Successful regionalism requires a new type of leader

Grandfather's Leadership What we need today

Centralized **Distributed & Shared** Single Leader **Many Leaders Command & Control** Link & Leverage Lead from the front Lead from front & rear

It starts with focusing on opportunities

- Vision East (www.ncnortheast.com)
 41 counties in eastern North Carolina
 - Focus on military, tourism, agriculture, advanced manufacturing and entrepreneurship
- Texoma Regional Consortium

(www.workforcesolutionstexoma.com/html/news.html)

- 13 counties in northern Texas and southern Oklahoma
- Focus on advanced manufacturing and entrepreneurship
- Montana's Agro-Energy Plan

(dli.mt.gov/wired/wired.asp)

- 32 counties and six Indian Reservations

Focus on renewable energy development as tool for rural entrepreneurship

New Partnerships Emerge

Peoria, Illinois

- · Next Innovation Center
- 50,000 square feet
- Key partners include CAT, Bradley University, Medical Facility, City of Peoria

Moscow, Idaho

•Palouse Knowledge Corridor •Joint WSU/UID student innovation competition



Seattle Arrunt regigners and design Manual februators Device on Device on Device on Seattle on Seat

Leveraging Regional Assets

Greater Milwaukee Water Cluster

- · Recognize strategic position of water-related industries
- Connect with leading academic researchers worldwide
- Considering water/energy nexus



Leveraging Regional Partnerships

Columbus, Indiana

- Regional initiative to advance individuals by at least one level in their education, training, job placement, and income.
- Working with 34 High School counselors on regional cluster opportunities.
- Regional Advanced Manufacturing Center for Excellence to serve 10 county network;



Successful Regional Leadership

Key Lessons



Successful Regions Have...

- Leaders that recognize the new realities of economic development
- Leaders that build relationships that bond the region together
- Leaders that possess a global view
- An understanding of current strengths and weaknesses
- · Flexibility and adaptability

"If your actions inspire others to dream more, learn more, and become more, you are a leader."

John Quincy Adams

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